



QUALIFICATIONSPACK-OCCUPATIONALSTANDARDSFORINSTRUMENTATION AUTOMATION SURVEILLACE & COMMUNICATION INDUSTRY

What are Occupational Standards (OS)?

OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function

OS are performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

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Introduction

Qualifications Pack - Technician-Cabling (Multi Skill)

SECTOR: INSTRUMENTATION AUTOMATION SURVEILLANCE & COMMUNICATION

SUB-SECTOR: Instrumentation / Automation **OCCUPATION:** Installation & Commissioning

REFERENCE ID: IAS/Q0204
ALIGNED TO: NCO-2015/ NIL

Brief Job Description: Technician - Cabling (Multi Skill) is a multi-skilled person who can plan and lay the cables and do the termination and interconnection work involved in diverse environments such as process plants, factory automation and building automation projects.

Personal Attributes: This job requires discipline and attention to details, interdisciplinary aptitude and ability to learn. The person should be willing to work for long hours to meet deadlines and be able to cope with pressure.





Qualifications Pack For Technician - Cabling (Multi Skill)

Qualifications Pack Code	IAS/Q0204		
Job Role	Technician	- Cabling (Multi Skill)	
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Sector	Instrumentation, Automation, Surveillance, Communication	Drafted on	09/10/2017
Sub-sector	Instrumentation / Automation	Last reviewed on	09/10/2017
Occupation	Installation & Commissioning	Next review date	09/10/20179

Job Role	Technician - Cabling (Multi Skill)
Role Description	A multi-skilled person who can plan and lay the cables and do the termination and interconnection work involved in diverse environments such as process plants, factory automation and building automation projects.
NSQF level	4
Minimum Educational Qualifications*	ITI Electronics or equivalent
Maximum Educational Qualifications*	Not Applicable
Training (Suggested but not mandatory)	Practical Training in a factory, installation site, building and commercial premises. Exposure of CCTV and LAN essential
Minimum Job Entry Age	19 years
Experience	At least one-year hands-on experience in cabling in factory, installation site, building and commercial premises. Exposure of CCTV and LAN essential.
Applicable National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Compulsory: 1. IAS/N0215 Planning and Laying of Instrumentation Cabling 2. IAS/N0216 Planning and Laying of Low Voltage Power Cabling 3. IAS/N0217 Planning and Laying of CCTV Cabling 4. IAS/N0218 Laying of Copper/Fiber LAN Cable 5. IAS/N2105 Work Effectively With Teams 6. IAS/N2003 Health and Safety at Workplace
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units





Qualifications Pack For Technician - Cabling (Multi Skill)

Keywords /Terms	Description
Core skills/generic skills	Core skills or generic skills are a group of skills that are key to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment. In the context of the OS these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a data base to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for.
Function	Function is an activity necessary for achieving the key purpose of the sector, occupation, or area of work, which can be carried out by a person or group of persons.
Instrumentation	Instrumentation is the variety of measuring instruments to monitor and control a process. It is the art and science of measurement and control of process variables within a production, laboratory, or manufacturing area.
Job Role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organization.
Knowledge and understanding	Knowledge and understanding statements which together specify the technical, generic, professional and organizational specific knowledge that an individual needs in order to perform to the required standards.
National occupational standards	NOS are occupational standards which apply uniquely in the Indian context.
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles under which role holders perform similar/related set of functions in an industry.
Organizational context	Organizational context includes the way the organization is structured and how it operates, including the operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.
OS (Occupational Standards)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the work place together with the knowledge and understanding they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational standards are applicable both in Indian and global contexts.
Performance Criteria	Performance criteria are statements that together specify the standards of performance required when carrying out a task.
Qualification pack code	Qualification pack code is a unique reference code that identifies a qualification pack.
Scope	Scope is a set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with, carrying out the function which has a critical impact on the quality of performance required.
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operation having similar businesses and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.





Qualifications Pack For Technician - Cabling (Multi Skill)

Sub Sector	Sub sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.
Technical Knowledge	Technical knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish specific designated responsibilities.
Traceability	Ability to correlate calibration of equipment to national and international standards - ultimately to secondary and primary standards.
Unit Code	Unit code is a unique identifier for an 'OS' unit which can be denoted with either 'O' or 'N'.
Unit title	Unit title gives clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.

Keywords/Terms	Description
BOQ	Bill of Quantities
CCTV	Closed Circuit Television
ESD	Electro Static Discharge
RF	Radio Frequency
ESCOM	Electricity Supply Company
HVAC	Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
I&C	Installation & Commissioning
GI	Galvanized iron
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion
HT/LT	High Tension / Low Tension AC Power Supply

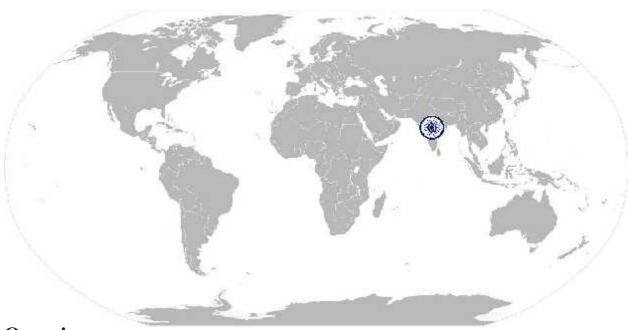
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National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS Unit about Planning and Laying of Instrumentation Cabling in a factory or other industrial premises according to the design, BOQ and the material provided.







Planning and Laying of Instrumentation Cabling

Unit Code	IAS/N0215
Unit Title (Task)	Planning and Laying of Instrumentation Cabling
Description	This OS Unit about Planning and Laying of Instrumentation Cabling in a factory or other industrial premises according to the design, BOQ and the material provided.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:
	 Perform Preparatory Work Laying of conduits and pulling of cables per supplied drawings Termination of cables on the equipment, per supplied drawings
	Verification of connections
Performance Criteria(P	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Perform Preparatory	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
Work	PC1. Get familiar with the customer, the plant, processes and procedures PC2. Study and understand documents relating to cabling, wiring, connected equipment and plant layout. PC3. Plan cable routing and scheduling PC4. Estimate quantity of cables, conduits raceways and other associated components PC5. Get materials from stores / customer
Lay conduits, Raceways and Pull Cables	 The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC6. Locate and mark the position for conduiting, referring to layout drawings and specifications. PC7. Measure required lengths of raceways, cable trays and conduiting for each section of cabling PC8. Drill holes for mounting brackets etc. in the supporting structure, for mounting the making cable trays etc. Make sure that it does not interfere with any existing fittings or cause obstruction. PC9. Install raceways, cable trays and conduiting as per procedure and drawings for the instrumentation wires/cables. PC10. Ensure that Power cable and instrumentation cable are not run in same conduit or trench to avoid cross talk. PC11. Measure required length (plus additional margin for termination) of cable of appropriate type for each conduit PC12. Run cables through the conduits and raceways, along with earth wires if specified, per approved drawings and procedures. PC13. Seal the conduit ends using approved material/device. PC14. Route the cables to respective Junction Boxes / Panels using flexible hoses or other approved methods, leaving adequate length of cable for termination PC15. Insert the cables through Glands in the receiving enclosure and fix PC16. Strip the sheath/outer covering/ shield to suitable length and dress the







Planning and Laying of Instrumentation Cabling

	cable per approved practices PC17. Mark cables for identification using proved procedure
	PC18. Follow accepted color coding practices
Terminate Cables on Junction Boxes / Panels	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC19. Follow wire color codes as specified in drawings. PC20. Route the stripped end of the cable through the internal cable trays/guides to the appropriate terminals. Use cable ties appropriately to tie the wires neatly. PC21. Mark all individual wires using standard ferrules with tag numbers / identification as provided in the drawing for ease of identification. PC22. Strip the wire with approved tools and terminate on lugs/spade terminals etc. using approved crimping tools. PC23. Check that the shield connection is made to specified terminal. Ensure that the shield is not grounded at both ends, as it causes Ground Loop, which is harmful for the signal.
Verify Connections	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC24. Crosscheck with wiring list and follow the recommended verification procedure PC25. Perform continuity check of wires
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know KA1. Company hierarchy and reporting structure KA2. Company code of conduct KA3. company culture KA4. Company documentation policy KA5. Quality and standards systems followed in the company KA6. Company business, locations, products, services and clients KA7. Company website, contacts KA8. Partners, their products and services KA9. Company sales and after sales policies KA10. Working hours, shifts, off days and leave entitlements
B. Technical Knowledge	The individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The purpose of the project, the workflow and procedure involved. KB2. Site conditions and how these impact the cabling work. KB3. Rules and regulations to be followed under normal and emergency conditions KB4. The job description and responsibility, if any. KB5. Knows about types of instrumentation cables, their characteristics and usage KB6. Knows about cabling tools, equipment and accessories used KB7. Knows about standards and practices relating to instrumentation cabling KB8. Knows safety precaution in handling of the electrical equipment and providing first aid in the event of accidental electrocution. KB9. Type of hand tools, accessories and their locations that falls under the







Planning and Laying of Instrumentation Cabling

	individual's domain of work.
Skills (S) [Optional]	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Compose e-mails, letters and other official documents SA2. Write schedules and timelines SA3. Use Formats and check list for Site Readiness planning and reports SA4. Fill forms for material issue and return
	Reading Skills
	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. Company policy related to site safety precaution and readiness SA6. Formats for site Readiness check sheets, lists etc. SA7. Written instructions from Installation Engineer SA8. Read technical specifications, drawings, manuals, instructions SA9. Read standards and regulatory compliance documents SA10. Read schedules and timelines
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA11. Discuss schedules and work items with co-workers SA12. Keep customer, vendors and partners informed about progress SA13. Report issues and problems in clear terms to the Supervisor / Engineer SA14. Report progress to Supervisor/ Engineer
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Take decisions pertaining to the installation SB2. Take pragmatic decisions to keep the project on track when issues arise with the work done by partners or vendors, without compromising the quality
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. Execute the plan for the installation and detail its activities so that it can be finished on time. SB4. Help the I&C Engineer in preparing the installation plan.
	Customer Centricity
	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. Real needs of the customer and suggest most appropriate solution SB6. Support customers when they need help
	Problem-solving







Planning and Laying of Instrumentation Cabling

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB7. Think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- SB8. Identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays

Analytical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB9. Use the existing information to arrive at actionable decision points
- SB10. Use the existing information for improving the customer satisfaction
- SB11. Use the existing information to optimize solution and company business
- SB12. Analyze problems and identify causes and possible solutions

Critical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB13. Apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action
- SB14. Analyze the way in which the existing facility layout is in operation and think of more economic and feasible measures for existing layout modification.





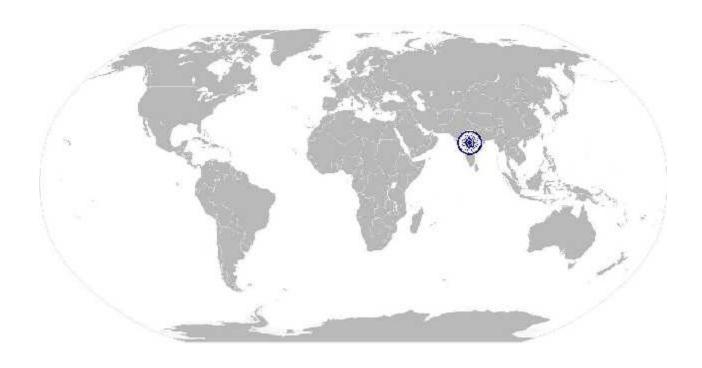




Planning and Laying of Instrumentation Cabling

NOS Version Control

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Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Instrumentation, Automation, Surveillance, Communication	Drafted on	30/09/2017
Industry Sub-sector	Instrumentation / Automation	Last reviewed on	09/10/2017
Occupation	Installation & Commissioning	Next review date	09/10/20179



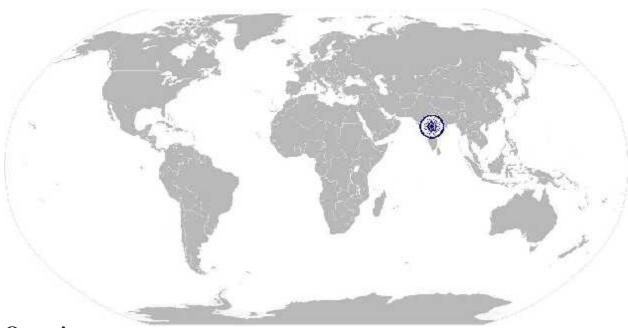
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National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS Unit about Planning and Laying of Low Voltage Power Cabling in a factory, industrial or business premises according to the design, BOQ and the material provided.







Planning and Laying of Low Voltage Power Cabling

Unit Code	IAS/N0216	
Unit Title (Task)	Planning and Laying of Low Voltage Power Cabling	
Description	This OS Unit about Planning and Laying of Low Voltage Power Cabling in a factory, industrial or business premises according to the design, BOQ and the material provided.	
Scope	This unit task covers the following:	
	 Perform Preparatory Work Laying of conduits and pulling of cables per supplied drawings Termination of cables on the equipment, per supplied drawings Verification of connections 	
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope	
Element	Performance Criteria	
Perform Preparatory Work	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC1. Get familiar with the customer location and work procedures followed PC2. Study and understand existing documents relating to cabling, wiring, connected equipment and site layout. PC3. Verify whether concealed conduits exist in the premises, if so, get the layout drawing. If conduits do not exist, these will be laid on the walls and will be exposed. PC4. Plan routing and scheduling. Understand/plan color coding of insulated single core wires. PC5. Estimate the quantity of cables, insulated wires of single/multi-strand copper conductors, conduits, electrical parts and accessories of appropriate specifications. PC6. Get materials from stores / customer	
Lay conduits, Raceways and Pull Cables	 The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC7. Locate and mark the position for conduiting, referring to layout drawings and specifications. PC8. Measure required lengths of raceways, cable trays and conduiting for each section of cabling PC9. Drill holes for mounting brackets etc. in the supporting structure, for mounting the making cable trays etc. Make sure that it does not interfere with any existing fittings or cause obstruction. PC10. Install raceways, cable trays and conduiting as per procedure and drawings for the instrumentation wires/cables. PC11. Ensure that Power cable and instrumentation cable are not run in same conduit or trench to avoid cross talk. PC12. Measure required length (plus additional margin for termination) of cable of appropriate type for each conduit PC13. Run cables through the conduits and raceways, along with earth wires if specified, per approved drawings and procedures. PC14. Seal the conduit ends using approved material/device. PC15. Route the cables to respective Junction Boxes / Panels using flexible hoses 	







Planning and Laying of Low Voltage Power Cabling

	or other approved methods, leaving adequate length of cable for termination	
	PC16. If applicable, insert the cables through Glands in the receiving enclosure and fix	
	PC17. Strip the armor/sheath/outer covering to suitable length and dress the	
	exposed conductors per approved practices.	
	PC18. Mark cables for identification using proved procedure	
	PC19. Follow accepted color coding practices	
Terminate Cables on Junction Boxes /	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
Panels	PC20. Follow wire color codes as specified in drawings.	
	PC21. Route the individual conductors of the cable through the internal cable	
	trays/guides to the appropriate terminals. Use cable ties appropriately to tie the wires neatly.	
	PC22. Mark all individual wires using standard ferrules with tag numbers /	
	identification as provided in the drawing for ease of identification.	
	PC23. Strip the wire with approved tools and terminate on lugs/spade terminals	
	etc. using approved crimping tools.	
	PC24. Check that the shield connection is made to specified terminal. Ensure that	
	the shield is not grounded at both ends, as it causes Ground Loop which is	
	harmful for the signal.	
Verify Connections	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	PC25. Crosscheck with wiring list and follow the recommended verification	
	procedure	
	PC26. Perform continuity check of wires	
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)	
A. Organizational Context	The individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
(Knowledge of the	KA1. Company hierarchy and reporting structure	
company /	KA2. Company code of conduct	
organization and	KA3. company culture	
its processes)	KA4. Company documentation policy	
	KA5. Quality and standards systems followed in the company	
	KA6. Company business, locations, products, services and clients	
	KA7. Company website, contacts	
	KA8. Partners, their products and services	
	KA9. Company sales and after sales policies	
	KA10. Working hours, shifts, off days and leave entitlements	







Planning and Laying of Low Voltage Power Cabling

aid in the event of accidental electrocution. KB9. Type of hand tools, accessories and their locations that falls under the individual's domain of work.	
Skills (S) [Optional]	
C. Core Skills/ Writing Skills	
The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Compose e-mails, letters and other official documents SA2. Write schedules and timelines SA3. Use Formats and check list for Site Readilless planning and reports SA4. Fill forms for material issue and return Reading Skills The individual on the job needs to know and understand: SA5. Company policy related to site safety precaution and readiness SA6. Formats for site Readiness check sheets, lists etc. SA7. Written instructions from Installation Engineer SA8. Read technical specifications, drawings, manuals, instructions SA9. Read standards and regulatory compliance documents SA10. Read schedules and timelines	
Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
The individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA11. Discuss schedules and work items with co-workers SA12. Keep customer, vendors and partners informed about progress SA13. Report issues and problems in clear terms to the Supervisor / Engineer SA14. Report progress to Supervisor/ Engineer	
D. Professional Skills Decision Making	
The individual on the job needs to know and understand how-to: SB1. Take decisions pertaining to the installation SB2. Take pragmatic decisions to keep the project on track when issues arise w the work done by partners or vendors, without compromising the quality Plan and Organize	







Planning and Laying of Low Voltage Power Cabling

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- SB3. Execute the plan for the installation and detail its activities so that it can be finished on time.
- SB4. Help the I&C Engineer in preparing the installation plan.

Customer Centricity

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB5. Real needs of the customer and suggest most appropriate solution SB6. Support customers when they need help

Problem Solving

The individual on the job needs to know and understand how-to:

- SB7. Think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- SB8. Identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays

Analytical Thinking

The individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB9. Use the existing information to arrive at actionable decision points
- SB10. Use the existing information for improving the customer satisfaction
- SB11. Use the existing information to optimize solution and company business
- SB12. Analyze problems and identify causes and possible solutions

Critical Thinking

The individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB13. Apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action
- SB14. Analyze the way in which the existing facility layout is in operation and think of more economic and feasible measures for existing layout modification.



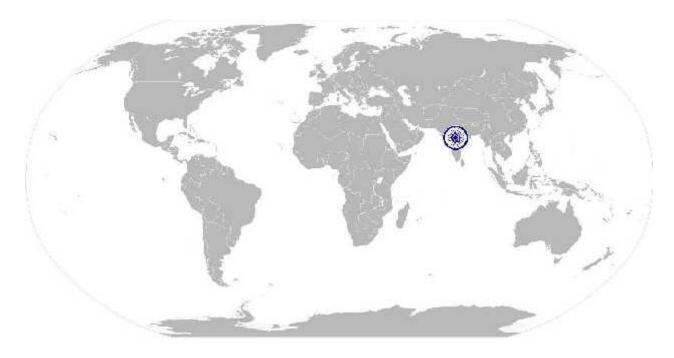




Planning and Laying of Low Voltage Power Cabling

NOS Version Control

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Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Instrumentation, Automation, Surveillance, Communication	Drafted on	30/09/2017
Industry Sub-sector	Instrumentation / Automation	Last reviewed on	09/10/2017
Occupation	Installation & Commissioning	Next review date	09/10/20179



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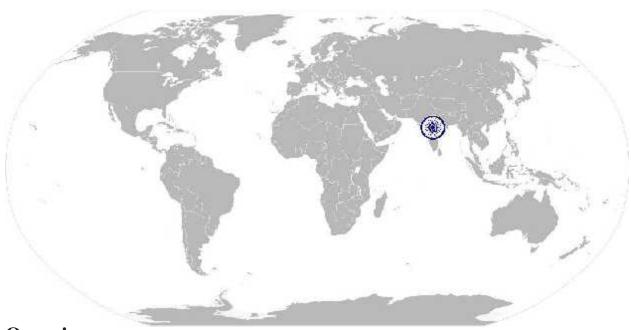








National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS Unit about Planning and Laying of CCTV Cabling in a factory, industrial or business premises according to the design, BOQ and the material provided.







Planning and Laying of CCTV Cabling

Unit Code	IAS/N0217
Unit Title (Task)	Planning and Laying of CCTV Cabling
Description	This OS Unit about Planning and Laying of CCTV Cabling in a factory, industrial or business premises according to the design, BOQ and the material provided.
Scope	This unit task covers the following:
	 Perform Preparatory Work Laying of conduits and pulling of cables per supplied drawings Termination of cables on the equipment, per supplied drawings Verification of connections
Performance Criteria(P	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Perform Preparatory Work	 The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC1. Get familiar with the customer location and work procedures followed PC2. Study and understand existing documents and drawings relating to site layout cabling, wiring and connected equipment. PC3. Verify whether outdoor mounting of cameras on poles is required and whether poles/other structures exist. PC4. Plan erection of support structure (if needed), routing and scheduling. Communicate the plan to customer representative at site and ensure availability of any support infrastructure. PC5. The types of cables to be laid - Power Supply (low voltage DC/AC), Video and LAN/PoE cable (for IP Cameras) etc. PC6. Estimate the quantity of cables of different types, conduits, cable trays, brackets, and other accessories of appropriate specifications. PC7. Get materials from stores / customer
Lay conduits, Raceways and Pull Cables	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC8. For outdoors mounting, locate and mark the position for support structure, referring to layout drawings and specifications. PC9. For fresh conduiting indoors, locate and mark the position for conduiting, referring to layout drawings and specifications. PC10. For fresh conduiting, measure required lengths of conduiting for each section of cabling PC11. Drill holes for mounting brackets etc. in the supporting structure, for mounting cable trays/conduits/raceways. Make sure that it does not interfere with any existing fittings or cause obstruction. Where crossing of beams/pillars etc. occurs, use of flexible conduit may be possible. Consult site Engineer if needed. PC12. Install cable trays/ raceways/conduits as per recommended practice. Use joins / bends where appropriate to connect conduits PC13. Determine number and type of cables to be run through the cable tray / each conduit section PC14. Measure required length (plus additional margin for termination) of cables of appropriate types, for each section / conduit







Planning and Laying of CCTV Cabling

	 PC15. Lay cables on the cable tray/ Pull cable through the conduits / raceways as applicable. PC16. Route the cables to respective Devices / Panels / Junction boxes etc. as applicable leaving adequate length of cable for termination. Use flexible hoses if required. PC17. If applicable, insert the cables through Glands in the receiving enclosure and fix PC18. Strip the sheath/outer covering/ shield to suitable length and dress the cable per approved practices PC19. Mark cables for identification using proved procedure 	
Terminate Cables on Junction Boxes / Panels	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC20. Route cables (power and video/IP) to target devices and terminate on appropriate connectors using the right tools (crimping/soldering/screw etc.). Plug the connectors to the devices, ensuring proper mating. PC21. Before termination, test the coax cable for continuity, open circuit and possible short circuit using multimeter / continuity tester. PC22. For termination inside panels, route the cables through the internal cable trays/guides to the appropriate device. Use cable ties appropriately to tie the wires neatly. Terminate cables on appropriate connectors using the right tools (crimping/soldering/screw etc.). Plug the connectors to the devices, ensuring proper mating. PC23. Mark all cables using standard ferrules / cable markers/ identification as provided in the drawing for ease of identification.	
Verify Connections	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC24. Crosscheck with wiring list and follow the recommended verification procedure PC25. Perform continuity check of wires PC26. Use shielded cable testing equipment if available.	
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Company hierarchy and reporting structure KA2. Company code of conduct KA3. company culture KA4. Company documentation policy KA5. Quality and standards systems followed in the company KA6. Company business, locations, products, services and clients KA7. Company website, contacts KA8. Partners, their products and services KA9. Company sales and after sales policies KA10. Working hours, shifts, off days and leave entitlements	







Planning and Laying of CCTV Cabling

B. Technical Knowledge	The individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The purpose of the project, the workflow and procedure involved. KB2. Site conditions and how these impact the cabling works. KB3. Rules and regulations to be followed under normal and emergency conditions KB4. The job description and responsibility, if any. KB5. Knows about types of cables used in CCTV applications, their characteristics and usage KB6. Knows about cabling tools, equipment and accessories used KB7. Knows about standards and practices relating to CCTV cabling KB8. Safety precaution in handling of the electrical equipment and providing first	
	aid in the event of accidental electrocution. KB9. Type of hand tools, accessories and their locations that falls under the individual's domain of work.	
Skills (S) [Optional]		
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills	
Generic Skills	The user/ individual needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Compose e-mails, letters and other official documents SA2. Write schedules and timelines SA3. Use Formats and check list for Site Readiness planning and reports SA4. Fill forms for material issue and return	
	Reading Skills	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SA5. Company policy related to site safety precaution and readiness SA6. Formats for site Readiness check sheets, lists etc. SA7. Written instructions from Installation Engineer SA8. Read technical specifications, drawings, manuals, instructions SA9. Read standards and regulatory compliance documents SA10. Read schedules and timelines	
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA11. Discuss schedules and work items with co-workers SA12. Keep customer, vendors and partners informed about progress SA13. Report issues and problems in clear terms to the Supervisor / Engineer SA14. Report progress to Supervisor / Engineer	
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making	
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how-to: SB1. Take decisions pertaining to the installation SB2. Take pragmatic decisions to keep the project on track when issues arise with the work done by partners or vendors, without compromising the quality	
Plan and Organize		







Planning and Laying of CCTV Cabling

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- SB3. Execute the plan for the installation and detail its activities so that it can be finished on time.
- SB4. Help the I&C Engineer in preparing the installation plan.

Customer Centricity

The individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB5. Understand the needs of the customer and suggest most appropriate solution
- SB6. Support customers when they need help

Problem Solving

The individual on the job needs to know and understand how-to:

- SB7. Think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- SB8. Identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays

Analytical Thinking

The individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB9. Use the existing information to arrive at actionable decision points
- SB10. Use the existing information for improving the customer satisfaction
- SB11. Use the existing information to optimize solution and company business
- SB12. Analyze problems and identify causes and possible solutions

Critical Thinking

The individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB13. Apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action
- SB14. Analyze the way in which the existing facility layout is in operation and think of more economic and feasible measures for existing layout modification.



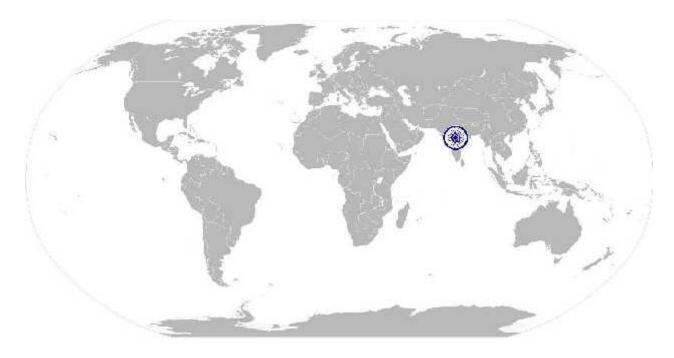




Planning and Laying of CCTV Cabling

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	IAS/N0217		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Instrumentation, Automation, Surveillance, Communication	Drafted on	30/09/2017
Industry Sub-sector	Instrumentation / Automation	Last reviewed on	09/10/2017
Occupation	Installation & Commissioning	Next review date	09/10/20179



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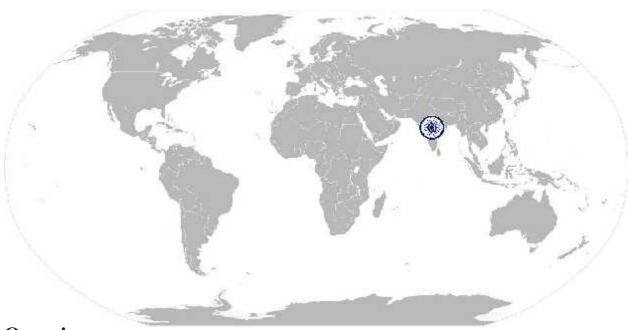






IAS/N0218 Laying of Copper/Fiber LAN Cable

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS Unit about Planning and Laying of Low Voltage Power Cabling in a factory, industrial or business premises according to the design, BOQ and the material provided.







Laying of Copper/Fiber LAN Cable

IAS/N0218		
Laying of Copper/Fiber LAN Cable		
This OS Unit about Planning and Laying of Copper/Fiber LAN Cable in a factory, industrial or business premises according to the design, BOQ and the material provided.		
This unit task covers the following:		
 Perform Preparatory Work Laying of conduits and pulling of cables per supplied drawings Termination of cables on the equipment, per supplied drawings Verification of connections 		
C) w.r.t. the Scope		
Performance Criteria		
 The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC1. Get familiar with the customer location and work procedures followed PC2. Study and understand existing documents relating to cabling, wiring, connected equipment and site layout. PC3. Verify whether concealed conduits exist in the premises, if so, get the layout drawing. If conduits do not exist, these will be laid on the walls and will be exposed. PC4. Plan routing and scheduling. Understand/plan color coding of insulated single core wires. PC5. Estimate the quantity of cables, insulated wires of single/multi-strand copper conductors, conduits, electrical parts and accessories of appropriate specifications. PC6. Get materials from stores / customer 		
 The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC7. Locate and mark the position for conduiting, referring to layout drawings and specifications. PC8. Measure required lengths of raceways, cable trays and conduiting for each section of cabling PC9. Drill holes for mounting brackets etc. in the supporting structure, for mounting the making cable trays etc. Make sure that it does not interfere with any existing fittings or cause obstruction. PC10. Install raceways, cable trays and conduiting as per procedure and drawings for the instrumentation wires/cables. PC11. Ensure that Power cable and instrumentation cable are not run in same conduit or trench to avoid cross talk. PC12. Measure required length (plus additional margin for termination) of cable of appropriate type for each conduit PC13. Run cables through the conduits and raceways, along with earth wires if specified, per approved drawings and procedures. PC14. Seal the conduit ends using approved material/device. PC15. Route the cables to respective Junction Boxes / Panels using flexible hoses 		







Laying of Copper/Fiber LAN Cable

	or other approved methods, leaving adequate length of cable for termination PC16. If applicable, insert the cables through Glands in the receiving enclosure and fix PC17. Strip the armor/sheath/outer covering to suitable length and dress the exposed conductors per approved practices. PC18. Mark cables for identification using proved procedure PC19. Follow accepted color coding practices		
Terminate Cables on Junction Boxes / Panels	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC20. Follow wire color codes as specified in drawings. PC21. Route the individual conductors of the cable through the internal cable trays/guides to the appropriate terminals. Use cable ties appropriately to tie the wires neatly. PC22. Mark all individual wires using standard ferrules with tag numbers / identification as provided in the drawing for ease of identification. PC23. Strip the wire with approved tools and terminate on lugs/spade terminals etc. using approved crimping tools. PC24. Check that the shield connection is made to specified terminal. Ensure that the shield is not grounded at both ends, as it causes Ground Loop which is harmful for the signal.		
Verify Connections	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: PC25. Crosscheck with wiring list and follow the recommended verification procedure PC26. Perform continuity check of wires		
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)		
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Company hierarchy and reporting structure KA2. Company code of conduct KA3. company culture KA4. Company documentation policy KA5. Quality and standards systems followed in the company KA6. Company business, locations, products, services and clients KA7. Company website, contacts KA8. Partners, their products and services KA9. Company sales and after sales policies KA10. Working hours, shifts, off days and leave entitlements		







Laying of Copper/Fiber LAN Cable

B. Technical	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB1. The purpose of the project, the workflow and procedure involved.
	KB2. Site conditions and how these impact the cabling works.
	KB3. Rules and regulations to be followed under normal and emergency conditions
	KB4. The job description and responsibility, if any.
	KB5. Knows about types of copper LAN cables, crimping tools, test equipment and
	accessories used
	KB6. Knows about types of Fiber LAN cables, connectors, splicing tools, test
	equipment and accessories used
	KB7. Knows about Standards and Practices relating to copper LAN cables -
	especially relating to maximum lengths at different speeds, insertion loss etc.
	KB8. Knows about Standards and Practices relating to Fiber LAN cables - especially
	relating to maximum lengths for different types, insertion loss etc.
	KB9. Precautions in handling Fiber cables and connectors
	KB10. Safety precaution in handling of the electrical equipment and providing first
	aid in the event of accidental electrocution.
	KB11. Type of hand tools, accessories and their locations that falls under the
	individual's domain of work.
	2 3 4
Skills (S) [Optional]	
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills
	The user/individual needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Compose e-mails, letters and other official documents SA2. Write schedules and timelines SA3. Use Formats and check list for Site Readiness planning and reports SA4. Fill forms for material issue and return
	Reading Skills
	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand :
	SA5. Company policy related to site safety precaution and readiness
	SA6. Formats for site Readiness check sheets, lists etc.
	SA7. Written instructions from Installation Engineer
	SA8. Read technical specifications, drawings, manuals, instructions
	SA9. Read standards and regulatory compliance documents
	SA10. Read schedules and timelines
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA11. Discuss schedules and work items with co-workers
	SA12. Keep customer, vendors and partners informed about progress
	SA13. Report issues and problems in clear terms to the Supervisor / Engineer
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	SA14. Report progress to Supervisor/ Engineer







Laying of Copper/Fiber LAN Cable

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how-to:

- SB1. Take decisions pertaining to the installation
- SB2. Take pragmatic decisions to keep the project on track when issues arise with the work done by partners or vendors, without compromising the quality

Plan and Organize

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- SB3. Execute the plan for the installation and detail its activities so that it can be finished on time.
- SB4. Help the I&C Engineer in preparing the installation plan.

Customer Centricity

The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. The needs of the customer and suggest most appropriate solution SB6. Support customers when they need help

Problem Solving

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how-to:

- SB7. Think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- SB8. Identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays

Analytical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB9. Use the existing information to arrive at actionable decision points
- SB10. Use the existing information for improving the customer satisfaction
- SB11. Use the existing information to optimize solution and company business
- SB12. Analyze problems and identify causes and possible solutions

Critical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB13. Apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action
- SB14. Analyze the way in which the existing facility layout is in operation and think of more economic and feasible measures for existing layout modification.



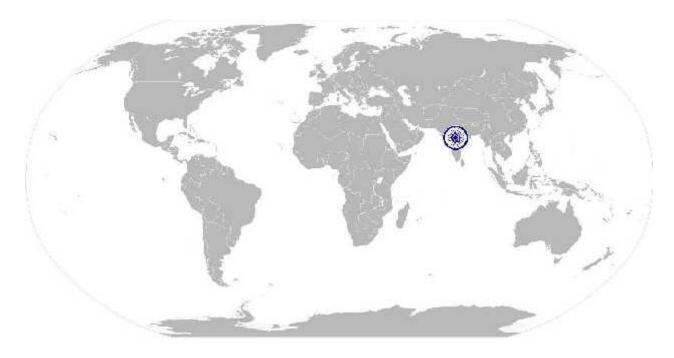




Laying of Copper/Fiber LAN Cable

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	ISA/N0218		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Instrumentation, Automation, Surveillance, Communication	Drafted on	30/09/2017
Industry Sub-sector	Instrumentation / Automation	Last reviewed on	09/10/2017
Occupation	Installation & Commissioning	Next review date	09/10/20179



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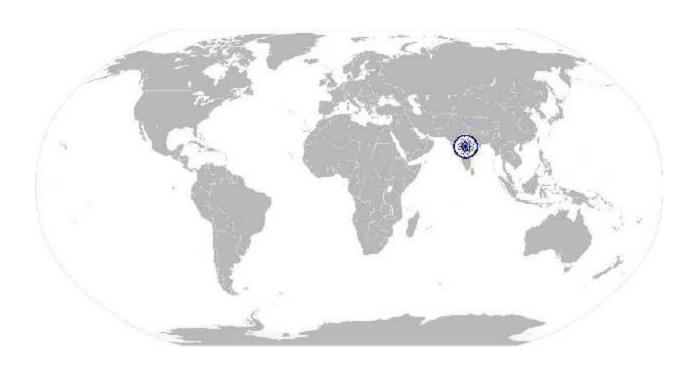






Work Effectively With Teams

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This unit is about working effectively with colleagues, in own work group and in other work group pswithinthe organization.







Work Effectively With Teams

UnitCode	IAS/N2105	
Unit Title(Task)	Work Effectively With Teams	
Description	This NOS unit is about building relationships and working with people and groups inside and outside the organization, using skills and habits, to achieve the team goals and objectives.	
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Creating team environment Communicating - giving and receiving Working cooperatively Participating in team decision making Demonstrating Sense of Responsibility Showing respect for opinions, customs and preferences 	

Performance Criteria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope

Element	Performance Criteria
Create Team Environment	To be competent, the individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Know and understand the team objectives and goals PC2. Know team members by name. Greet them appropriately and respond to their greetings. PC3. Know the roles and responsibilities of team members. Ensure others know about you and your role in the team PC4. Learn about the culture and preferences of team members — especially if they belong to other organizations or nationalities PC5. Follow organization's policies and procedures for working with team members within and outside the organization — especially relating to privacy, confidentiality and security. PC6. Create an environment of trust and mutual respect
Communicate – Give and Receive	To be competent, the individual on the job must be able to: PC7. Use appropriate mode of communication – verbal, written, mail, phone or text and clearly articulate your message to ensure that the recipient understands the message. PC8. Listen to team members and try to understand what they want to say. Seek or provide clarifications if you see any gap in understanding PC9. Communicate professionally and follow organization protocols. Do not overload the team members with unnecessary and unsolicited information PC10. Share important information with the team timely. PC11. Respond to communications promptly.







Work Effectively With Teams

Work Cooperatively	To be competent, the individual on the job must be able to: PC12. Perform own role and produce output in time for other team members to consume PC13. Receive inputs from others and work upon it per role requirement PC14. Make adjustments within the permissible rules so that work flows smoothly. PC15. Help team members to perform their role effectively and provide any clarifications and support they need PC16. Share tools and common resources fairly, taking cognizance of others' needs and schedules PC17. Resolve any contentious issues amicably, involving the team lead or the supervisor if needed PC18. Let team members know in good time if you cannot carry out your commitments, explaining the reasons and alternate solutions, if any. Let the team lead know about this.
Participate in Team Decision making	To be competent, the individual on the job must be able to: PC19. Think positively and make constructive suggestions to meet the goals PC20. Accept and give suggestions with open mind PC21. Take initiatives and volunteer to contribute PC22. Help team members with facts and figures to arrive at workable decisions PC23. Accept decisions professionally and support these, even if these do not match your suggestions and personal views
Demonstrate Sense of Responsibility	To be competent, the individual on the job must be able to: PC24. Act in the interest of the team and the organization to ensure that things do not 'fall through the gap' and team goals are achieved. PC25. Take initiative to correct the situation if something seems to be going wrong. PC26. Seek help or escalate if the situation demands
Show Respect for Opinions, Customs and Preferences	To be competent, the individual on the job must be able to: PC27. Follow organization's and statutory guidelines about making references or comments to social customs or preferences PC28. Refrain from making any comments to hurt sentiments PC29. Accommodate team members' preferences to the extent feasible. If these come in the way of fulfilling team goals, discuss with the supervisor/ team leader. PC30. Seek information and clarifications from others if you do not understand any customs.
Knowledge and Understanding(K)	







Work Effectively With Teams

		<u>, </u>
	A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company/ organization and its processes)	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1.Theorganization'spoliciesandproceduresforworkingwithcolleagues,roles and responsibilities in relation to this KA2.Theimportanceofeffectivecommunicationand establishing good working relationships with colleagues KA3.Differentmethodsof communication and the circumstances in which it is appropriate to use these KA4.Theimportanceofcreatinganenvironmentoftrustandmutualrespect KA5.Theimplicationsofownwork on the work and schedule of others
	B. Technical Knowledge	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. Different types of information that colleagues might need and the importance of providing this information when it is required KB2. The importance of helping colleagues with problems, in order to meet quality and time standards as a team
	Skills(S) [Optional]	
	A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills The user/individual on the job needs know and understand: SA1.Complete written work with attention to detail Readings kills
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SA2.Read instructions, guidelines/procedures Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
		The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand: SA3.Listen effectively and orally communicate information SA4.Ask for clarification and advice from the concerned person
B. Professional Skills		Decision Making
		The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB1. Make decisions on a suitable course of action response keeping in view resource utilization while meeting commitments Plan and Organize
L		







Work Effectively With Teams

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:

SB2. Plan and organize work to achieve targets and deadlines

Customer Centricity

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB3. Understand real needs of the customer and suggest most appropriate solution

SB4. Support customer when they need help

Problem-solving

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB5. Apply problem solving approaches in different situations

Analytical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB6. Use the existing information to arrive at actionable decision points
- SB7. Use the existing information for improving the customer satisfaction
- SB8. Use the existing information to optimize solution and company business
- SB9. Analyze problems and identify causes and possible solutions

Critical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB10. Apply balanced judgments to different situations



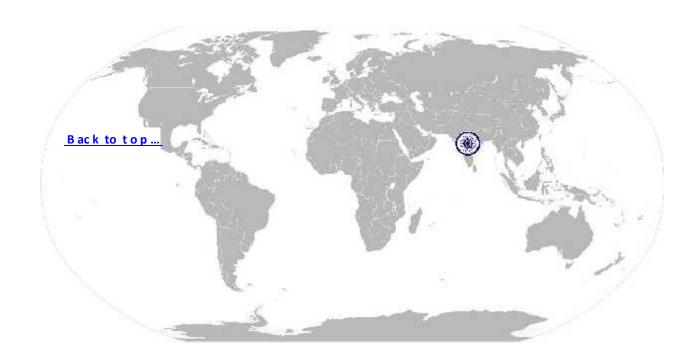




Work Effectively With Teams

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	IAS/N2105		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Instrumentation, Automation, Surveillance, Communication	Drafted on	09/10/2017
Industry Sub-sector	Instrumentation / Automation	Last reviewed on	09/10/2017
Occupation	Installation & Commissioning	Next review date	09/10/20179



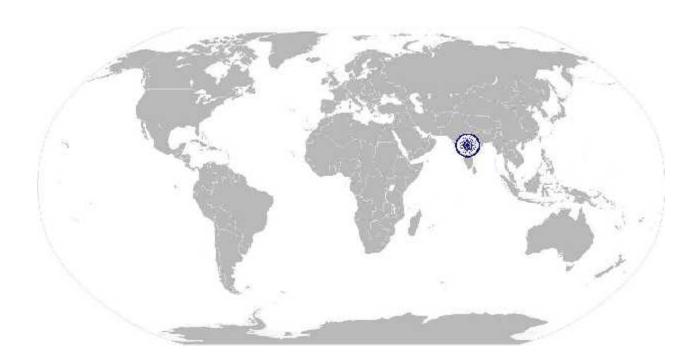








National Occupational Standard



Overview

This unit is about maintaining a safe, healthy and secure working environment.







Knowledge and Understanding(K)

Health and Safety at Workplace

Unit Code	IAS/N2003		
Unit Title(Task)	Health and Safety in Workplace		
Description	This OS unit is about following adequate safety procedures to make work environment safe		
Scope	This unit/ task covers the following: Follow standard safety procedures of the company Maintain good health and posture		
Performance Criteria(P	ia(PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Follow standard safety procedures of the company	 To be competent, the user/ individual must be able to: PC1. Comply with general safety procedures followed in the company PC2. Follow standard safety procedures while handling an equipment, hazardous material or tool PC3. Remove finger rings or any other metal objects which may interfere with the work before working on the unit PC4. Use safety materials such as googles, gloves, earplugs, caps, ESD pins, covers, shoes, etc. PC5. Escalate about any hazardous materials or things found in the premises PC6. Report about any breach of safety procedure in the company PC7. Ensure zero accidents at work PC8. Avoid damage of components due to negligence in ESD procedures PC9. Participate regularly in fire drills or other safety related workshops organized by the company 		
Maintain good health and posture	PC10. Ensure no loss for company due to safety negligence To be competent, the user/ individual must be able to: PC11. Maintain appropriate posture, especially in long hours of sitting or standing position and in handling heavy materials PC12. Participate in company organized health sessions such as yoga, physiotherapy or games PC13. Handle heavy and hazardous materials with care and using appropriate tools and handling equipment such as trolleys, jacks and ladders		







IAS/N2003

Health and Safety at Workplace

A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company/ The individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Company's policies on: incentives, delivery standards, and personnel management
organization and its processes) KA2. Company occupational safety and health policy followed KA3. Company emergency evacuation procedure KA4. Company's medical policy
B. Technical Knowledge The individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How to maintain the work area safe and secure KB2. How to handle hazardous materials, tools and equipment KB3. Emergency procedures to be followed such as fire accidents, electrocution etc. KB4. Long term value of good posture and use of appropriate handling equipment KB5. Safety regulations and standards and how to apply these KB6. Electrical grounding practices
Skills(S) [Optional]
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills (Knowledge of the company/ organization and its processes) Writing Skills The individual on the job needs to know and understand: SA1. Compose e mails, letters, memos, reminders, and other documents clearly SA2. Share knowledge, issues, problems and resolutions relating to safety Readings kills
The individual on the job needs to know and understand: SA3. Read mails, messages, alerts SA4. Read pictures, drawings, notes relating to safety and health Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
The individual on the job needs to know and understand: SA5. Question co-workers in order to understand the safety and health issues.
SA6. Inform co-workers about safety and health issues SA7. Report issues and problems relating to safety and health to managers clear terms
SA6. Inform co-workers about safety and health issues SA7. Report issues and problems relating to safety and health to managers
SA6. Inform co-workers about safety and health issues SA7. Report issues and problems relating to safety and health to managers clear terms







IAS/N2003

Health and Safety at Workplace

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

SB3. Plan and organize work conforming to the safety and health norms of the company

Customer Centricity

The individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB4. Real needs of the customer and suggest most appropriate solution

SB5. Support customers when they need help

Problem Solving

The individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB6. Discuss problems relating to the safety and health, evaluate the possible solution(s) and arrive at optimum /best possible solution(s)in consultation with concerned people

Analytical Thinking

The individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB7. Use the existing information to arrive at actionable decision points
- SB8. Use the existing information for improving the customer satisfaction
- SB9. Use the existing information to continue solution and company business
- SB10. Analyze problems and identify causes and possible solutions

Critical Thinking

The individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB11. Apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action

SB12. Anticipate problems, risks and opportunities and utilize these for mitigation and business optimization





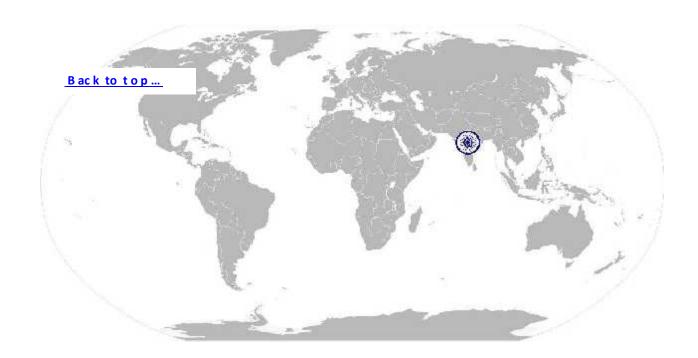


IAS/N2003

Health and Safety at Workplace

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	ISA/N2003				
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0		
Industry	Instrumentation, Automation, Surveillance, Communication	Drafted on	09/10/2017		
Industry Sub-sector	Instrumentation / Automation	Last reviewed on	09/10/2017		
Occupation	Installation & Commissioning	Next review date	09/10/20179		



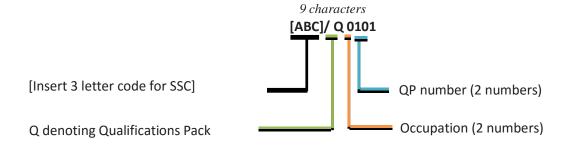




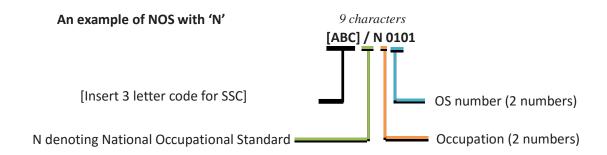
Annexure

Nomenclature for QP and NOS

Qualifications Pack



Occupational Standard







The following acronyms/codes have been used in the nomenclature above:

Sub-sector	Range of Occupation numbers
Installation & Commissioning	01-29
Operation & Maintenance	30-49
Calibration	50-55
Design, Fabrication / Manufacturing	56-79
Design, Fabrication, Installation & Commissioning	80-89
General	90-99

Sequence	Description	Example
Three letters	Industry name	IAS
Slash	/	/
Next letter	Whether QP or NOS	N
Next two numbers	Occupation code	01
Next two numbers	OS number	01

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CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT OF TRAINEES

Job Role: Technician - Cabling (Multi Skill)

Qualification Pack: IAS/Q0204

Sector Skill Council: Instrumentation Automation Surveillance & Communication

Guidelines for Assessment

- 1. Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the Sector Skill Council. Each Performance Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each PC
- 2. The assessment for the theory part will be based on knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC
- 3. Assessment will be conducted for all compulsory NOS, and where applicable, on the selected elective/option NOS/set of NOS.
- 4.Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for theory part for each candidate at each examination/training center (as per assessment criteria below)
- 5.Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/training center based on this criteria
- 6.To pass the Qualification Pack, every trainee should score a minimum of 70% in every NOS 7.In case of successfully passing only certain number of NOS's, the trainee is eligible to take subsequent assessment on the balance NOS's to pass the Qualification Pack

Relative Weight of NOSs in the Assessment						
Sl. No.	Sl. No. NOS no. NOS Name					
1	IAS/N0215	Planning and Laying of Instrumentation Cabling	20			
2	IAS/N0216	Planning and Laying of Low Voltage Power Cabling	20			
3	IAS/N0217	Planning and Laying of CCTV Cabling	20			
4	IAS/N0218	Laying of Copper/Fiber LAN Cable	20			
5	IAS/N2105	Work Effectively With Teams	10			
6	IAS/N2003	Health and Safety at Workplace	10			
			100%			





		Marks Allocation			
Assessment outcomes	Assessment Criteria for outcomes	Total Mark (110+115+ 115+115+ 75+50)	Out Of	The ory	Skills Practi cal
1. IAS/N0215	PC1. Get familiar with the customer, the plant, processes and				
Planning and	procedures		5	2	3
Laying of Instrumentatio	PC2. Study and understand documents relating to cabling,				
n Cabling	wiring, connected equipment and plant layout.		5	2	3
ii cabiiig	PC3. Plan cable routing and scheduling		5	2	3
	PC4. Estimate quantity of cables, conduits, raceways and				
	other associated components		6	2	4
	PC5. Get materials from stores / customer		3	1	2
	PC6. Locate and mark the position for conduiting, referring to		_		_
	layout drawings and specifications.		3	1	2
	PC7. Measure required lengths of raceways, cable trays and		_		
	conduiting for each section of cabling		3	1	2
	PC8. Drill holes for mounting brackets etc. in the supporting structure, for mounting the making cable trays etc. Make sure that it does not interfere with any existing fittings or cause				
	obstruction.		3	1	2
	PC9. Install raceways, cable trays and conduiting as per			_	
	procedure and drawings for the instrumentation wires/cables.		3	1	2
	PC10. Ensure that Power cable and instrumentation cable are				
	not run in same conduit or trench to avoid cross talk.		3	1	2
	PC11. Measure required length (plus additional margin for	110			
	termination) of cable of appropriate type for each conduit		3	1	2
	PC12. Run cables through the conduits and raceways, along with earth wires if specified, per approved drawings and				
	procedures.		3	1	2
	PC13. Seal the conduit ends using approved material/device.		5	2	3
	PC14. Route the cables to respective Junction Boxes / Panels				
	using flexible hoses or other approved methods, leaving				
	adequate length of cable for termination		5	2	3
	PC15. Insert the cables through Glands in the receiving		_		
	enclosure and fix		5	2	3
	PC16. Strip the sheath/outer covering/ shield to suitable length		_	_	2
	and dress the cable per approved practices		5	2	3
	PC17. Mark cables for identification using proved procedure		5	2	3
	PC18. Follow accepted color coding practices		5	2	3
	PC19. Follow wire color codes as specified in drawings.		5	2	3
	PC20. Route the stripped end of the cable through the internal				
	cable trays/guides to the appropriate terminals. Use cable ties appropriately to tie the wires neatly.		_	2	2
	PC21. Mark all individual wires using standard ferrules with tag		5		3
	numbers / identification as provided in the drawing for ease of		5	2	3





Identification. PC22. Strip the wire with approved tools and terminate on lugs/spade terminals etc. using approved crimping tools. PC23. Check that the shield connection is made to specified terminal. Ensure that the shield is not grounded at both ends, as it causes Ground Loop which is harmful for the signal. PC24. Crosscheck with wiring list and follow the recommended verification procedure PC25. Perform continuity check of wires PC24. PC25. Perform continuity check of wires PC26. Get familiar with the customer location and work procedures followed PC2. Study and understand existing documents relating to cabling, wiring, connected equipment and site layout. PC3. Verify whether concealed conduits exist in the premises, if so, get the layout drawing. If conduits do not exist, these will be laid on the walls and will be exposed. PC3. Verify whether concealed conduits exist in the premises, if so, get the layout drawing. If conduits do not exist, these will be laid on the walls and will be exposed. PC3. Verify whether concealed conduits exist in the premises, if so, get the layout drawing. If conduits do not exist, these will be laid on the walls and will be exposed. PC3. Pc4. Plan routing and scheduling. Understand/plan color coding of insulated single core wires. PC5. Entime the quantity of cables, insulated wires of single/multi-strand copper conductors, conduits, electrical parts and accessories of appropriate specifications. PC6. Get materials from stores / customer PC7. Locate and mark the position for conduiting, referring to layout drawings and specifications. PC6. Get materials from stores / customer PC7. Locate and mark the position for conduiting, referring to layout drawings and specifications. PC7. Insure that Power cable and instrumentation cable are not run in same conduit or trench to avoid cross talk. PC12. Measure required length (plu	-	Qualifications Pack For Technician - Cabling (Multi	SKIII)			
lugs/spade terminals etc. using approved crimping tools. PC23. Check that the shield connection is made to specified terminal. Ensure that the shield is not grounded at both ends, as it causes Ground Loop which is harmful for the signal. PC24. Croscheck with wiring list and follow the recommended verification procedure PC25. Perform continuity check of wires Total PC1. Get familiar with the customer location and work procedures followed Laying of Low Voltage POWER Cabling PC2. Study and understand existing documents relating to cabling, wiring, connected equipment and site layout. PC3. Verify whether concealed conduits exist in the premises, if so, get the layout drawing. If conduits do not exist, these will be laid on the walls and will be exposed. PC3. PC4 Plan routing and scheduling. Understand/plan color coding of insulated single core wires. PC5. Estimate the quantity of cables, insulated wires of single/multi-strand copper conductors, conduits, electrical parts and accessories of appropriate specifications. PC6. Get materials from stores / customer PC7. Locate and mark the position for conduiting, referring to layout drawings and specifications. PC8. Measure required lengths for faceways, cable trays and conduiting for each section of cabling PC9. Drill holes for mounting brackets etc. in the supporting structure, for mounting the making cable trays etc. Make sure that it does not interfere with any existing fittings or cause obstruction. PC10. Install raceways, cable trays and conduiting as per procedure and drawings for the instrumentation wires/cables. PC11. Ensure that Power cable and instrumentation cable are not run in same conduit or trench to avoid cross talk. PC12. Measure required length (plus additional margin for termination) of cable of appropriate type for each conduit PC13. Run cables through the conduits and raceways, along with earth wires if specified, per approved drawings and procedures. PC14. Seal the conduit ends using approved material/device. PC15. Route the cables to respective f		identification.				
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PC17. Strip the armor/sheath/outer covering to suitable length				_	2	
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and dress the exposed conductors per approved practices. 5 2 3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_	
		and dress the exposed conductors per approved practices.		5	2	3





_	Qualifications Fack For Technician - Cabining (Waiti	JKIII)			
	PC18. Mark cables for identification using proved procedure		5	2	3
	PC19. Follow accepted color coding practices		5	2	3
	PC20. Follow wire color codes as specified in drawings.		5	2	3
	PC21. Route the individual conductors of the cable through the				
	internal cable trays/guides to the appropriate terminals. Use				
	cable ties appropriately to tie the wires neatly.		5	2	3
			3		3
	PC22. Mark all individual wires using standard ferrules with tag				
	numbers / identification as provided in the drawing for ease of		_	_	
	identification.		5	2	3
	PC23. Strip the wire with approved tools and terminate on				
	lugs/spade terminals etc. using approved crimping tools.		5	2	3
	PC24. Check that the shield connection is made to specified				
	terminal. Ensure that the shield is not grounded at both ends,				
	as it causes Ground Loop which is harmful for the signal.		5	2	3
	PC25. Crosscheck with wiring list and follow the recommended				
	verification procedure		5	2	3
	PC26. Perform continuity check of wires		5	2	3
	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Total	115	44	71
3. IAS/N0217	PC1. Get familiar with the customer location and work		113	77	, ±
Planning and	procedures followed		5	2	3
_	'		٥		3
Laying of	PC2. Study and understand existing documents and drawings				
CCTV Cabling	relating to site layout cabling, wiring and connected		_	_	
	equipment.		5	2	3
	PC3. Verify whether outdoor mounting of cameras on poles is				
	required and whether poles/other structures exist.		5	2	3
	PC4. Plan erection of support structure (if needed), routing				
	and scheduling. Communicate the plan to customer				
	representative at site and ensure availability of any support				
	infrastructure.		5	2	3
	PC5. Understand the types of cables to be laid - Power Supply				
	(low voltage DC/AC), Video and LAN/PoE cable (for IP Cameras)				
	etc.		6	2	4
	PC6. Estimate the quantity of cables of different types,				
	conduits, cable trays, brackets, and other accessories of	115			
	appropriate specifications.		3	1	2
	PC7. Get materials from stores / customer				2
	·		3	1	
	PC8. For outdoors mounting, locate and mark the position for				
	support structure, referring to layout drawings and			_	_
	specifications.		3	1	2
	PC9. For fresh conduiting indoors, locate and mark the				
	position for conduiting, referring to layout drawings and				
	specifications.		3	1	2
	PC10. For fresh conduiting, measure required lengths of				
	conduiting for each section of cabling		3	1	2
	PC11. Drill holes for mounting brackets etc. in the supporting				
	structure, for mounting cable trays/conduits/raceways. Make				
	sure that it does not interfere with any existing fittings or cause				
	obstruction. Where crossing of beams/pillars etc. occurs, use of		3	1	2
I	obstruction. Where crossing or bearing pinars etc. occurs, use or		,	-	_





	flexible conduit may be possible. Consult site Engineer if				
	needed.				
	PC12. Install cable trays/ raceways/conduits as per				
	recommended practice. Use joins / bends where appropriate to connect conduits		2	1	2
			3	1	2
	PC13. Determine number and type of cables to be run through		3	1	2
	the cable tray / each conduit section PC14. Measure required length (plus additional margin for		3	1	
	termination) of cables of appropriate types, for each section /				
	conduit		5	2	3
	PC15. Lay cables on the cable tray/ Pull cable through the				
	conduits / raceways as applicable.		5	2	3
	PC16. Route the cables to respective Devices / Panels /				
	Junction boxes etc. as applicable leaving adequate length of				
	cable for termination. Use flexible hoses if required.		5	2	3
	PC17. If applicable, insert the cables through Glands in the				
	receiving enclosure and fix		5	2	3
	PC18. Strip the sheath/outer covering/ shield to suitable length				
	and dress the cable per approved practices		5	2	3
	PC19. Mark cables for identification using proved procedure		5	2	3
	PC20. Route cables (power and video/IP) to target devices and				
	terminate on appropriate connectors using the right tools				
	(crimping/soldering/screw etc.). Plug the connectors to the				
	devices, ensuring proper mating.		5	2	3
	PC21. Before termination, test the coax cable for continuity,				
	open circuit and possible short circuit using multimeter /				
	continuity tester.		5	2	3
	PC22. For termination inside panels, route the cables through				
	the internal cable trays/guides to the appropriate device. Use				
	cable ties appropriately to tie the wires neatly. Terminate				
	cables on appropriate connectors using the right tools				
	(crimping/soldering/screw etc.). Plug the connectors to the		_		
	devices, ensuring proper mating.		5	2	3
	PC23. Mark all cables using standard ferrules / cable markers/				
	identification as provided in the drawing for ease of		_	2	2
	identification.		5	2	3
	PC24. Crosscheck with wiring list and follow the recommended		_	า	2
	verification procedure PC25. Perform continuity check of wires		5	2	3
	-		5	2	3
	PC26. Use shielded cable testing equipment if available.		5 115	44	71
4. IAS/N0218	PC1. Get familiar with the customer location and work		112	44	/1
Laying of	procedures followed		5	2	3
Copper/Fiber	PC2. Study and understand existing documents relating to		,		
LAN Cable	cabling, wiring, connected equipment and site layout.	115	5	2	3
	PC3. Verify whether concealed conduits exist in the premises,			_	
	if so, get the layout drawing. If conduits do not exist, these will				
	be laid on the walls and will be exposed.		5	2	3
	'		ı I		16





PC4. Plan routing and scheduling. Understand/plan color
coding of insulated single core wires.
PC5. Estimate the quantity of cables, insulated wires of
single/multi-strand copper conductors, conduits, electrical
parts and accessories of appropriate specifications.
PC6. Get materials from stores / customer
PC7. Locate and mark the position for conduiting, referring to
layout drawings and specifications.
PC8. Measure required lengths of raceways, cable trays and
conduiting for each section of cabling
PC9. Drill holes for mounting brackets etc. in the supporting
structure, for mounting the making cable trays etc. Make sure
that it does not interfere with any existing fittings or cause
obstruction.
PC10. Install raceways, cable trays and conduiting as per
procedure and drawings for the instrumentation wires/cables.
PC11. Ensure that Power cable and instrumentation cable are
not run in same conduit or trench to avoid cross talk.
PC12. Measure required length (plus additional margin for
termination) of cable of appropriate type for each conduit
PC13. Run cables through the conduits and raceways, along
with earth wires if specified, per approved drawings and
procedures.
PC14. Seal the conduit ends using approved material/device.
PC15. Route the cables to respective Junction Boxes / Panels
using flexible hoses or other approved methods, leaving
adequate length of cable for termination
PC16. If applicable, insert the cables through Glands in the
receiving enclosure and fix
PC17. Strip the armor/sheath/outer covering to suitable length
and dress the exposed conductors per approved practices.
PC18. Mark cables for identification using proved procedure
PC19. Follow accepted color coding practices
PC20. Follow wire color codes as specified in drawings.
PC21. Route the individual conductors of the cable through the
internal cable trays/guides to the appropriate terminals. Use
cable ties appropriately to tie the wires neatly.
PC22. Mark all individual wires using standard ferrules with tag
numbers / identification as provided in the drawing for ease of
identification.
PC23. Strip the wire with approved tools and terminate on
lugs/spade terminals etc. using approved crimping tools.
PC24. Check that the shield connection is made to specified
terminal. Ensure that the shield is not grounded at both ends,
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as it causes Ground Loop which is harmful for the signal.
PC25. Crosscheck with wiring list and follow the recommended
verification procedure
PC26. Perform continuity check of wires

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PCI. Know and understand the team objectives and goals PCI. Know team members by name. Greet them appropriately and Effectively With Presents PCI. Know team members by name. Greet them appropriately and Effectively With Presents PCI. Know the roles and responsibilities of team members. Ensure others know about you and your role in the team PCI. Learn about the culture and preferences of team members - especially fithey belong to other organizations or nationalities PCI. Follow organization's policies and procedures for working with team members within and outside the organization - especially relating to privacy, confidentially and security. PCI. Create an environment of trust and mutual respect PCI. Use appropriate mode of communication - verbal, written, mail, phone or text and clearly articulate your message to ensure that the recipient understands the message. PCI. Use appropriate mode of communication - verbal, written, mail, phone or text and clearly articulate your message to ensure that the recipient understanding he message. PCI. Uses not overload the team members with unnecessary and unsolicited information PCI. Share important information with the team timely. PCI. Share important information with the team timely. PCII. Respond to communications promptly. PCII. Respond to communicat		-	Total	115	44	71
Effectively With Teams PG3. Know the roles and responsibilities of team members. Ensure others know about you and your role in the team PC4. Learn about the culture and preferences of team members especially if they belong to other organizations or nationalities PC5. Follow organization's policies and procedures for working with team members within and outside the organization – especially relating to privacy, confidentiality and security. PC6. Create an environment of trust and mutual respect PC7. Use appropriate mode of communication – verbal, written, mail, phone or text and clearly articulate your message to ensure that the recipient understands the message. PC8. Listen to team members and try to understand what they are wanting to say. Seek or provide clarifications if you see any gap in understanding PC9. Communicate professionally and follow organization protocols. Do not overload the team members with unnecessary and unsolicited information PC10. Share important information with the team timely. PC11. Respond to communications promptly. PC12. Perform own role and produce output in time for other team members to consume PC13. Receive inputs from others and work upon it per role requirement PC14. Make adjustments within the permissible rules so that work flows smoothly. PC15. Help team members to perform their role effectively and provide any clarifications and support they need PC16. Share tools and common resources fairly, taking cognizance of others' needs and schedules PC17. Resolve any contentious issues amicably, involving the team lead or the supervisor if needed PC18. Let team members with facts and figures to arrive at workshild decisions PC20. Accept and give suggestions with open mind PC21. Take initiatives and volunteer to contribute PC22. Help team members with facts and figures to arrive at workshild decisions PC23. Take produce of the team and the organization to ensure that things do not 'fall through the gap' and team goals are achieved. PC25. Take initiatives and volunteer to contribute	5. IAS/N2105	PC1. Know and understand the team objectives and goals		3	1	2
Treams PC3. Know the roles and responsibilities of team members. Ensure others know about you and your role in the team PC4. Learn about the culture and preferences of team members especially if they belong to other organizations or nationalities PC5. Follow organization's policies and procedures for working with team members within and outside the organization – especially relating to privacy, confidentiality and security. PC6. Create an environment of trust and mutual respect PC7. Use appropriate mode of communication – verbal, written, mail, phone or text and clearly articulate your message to ensure that the recipient understands the message. PC8. Listen to team members and try to understand what they are wanting to say. Seek or provide clarifications if you see any gap in understanding PC9. Communicate professionally and follow organization protocols. Do not overload the team members with unnecessary and unsolicited information PC10. Share important information with the team timely. PC11. Respond to communications promptly. PC12. Perform own role and produce output in time for other team members to consume PC13. Receive inputs from others and work upon it per role requirement PC14. Make adjustments within the permissible rules so that work flows smoothly. PC15. Help team members to perform their role effectively and provide any clarifications and support they need PC16. Share tools and common resources fairly, taking cognizance of others' needs and schedules PC17. Resolve any contentious issues amicably, involving the team lead or the supervisor if needed PC18. Let team members know in good time if you cannot carry out your commitments, explaining the reasons and alternate solutions, if any, Let the team lead know about this. PC19. Think positively and make constructive suggestions to meet the goals PC20. Accept and give suggestions with open mind PC21. Take initiatives and volunteer to contribute PC22. Help team members with facts and figures to arrive at workable decisions PC23. Take initiatives and refe	Work	PC2. Know team members by name. Greet them appropriately and		2	1	1
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				2	1	1





	PC27. Follow organization's and statutory guidelines about making references or comments to social customs or preferences		2	1	1
	PC28. Refrain from making any comments to hurt sentiments]	2	1	1
	PC29. Accommodate team members' preferences to the extent feasible. If these come in the way of fulfilling team goals, discuss with the supervisor/ team leader.		2	1	1
	PC30. Seek information and clarifications from others if you do not understand any customs.		2	1	1
		Total	75	30	45
6. IAS/N2003	PC1. Comply with general safety procedures followed in the company		3	2	1
Health and Safety in	PC2. Follow standard safety procedures while handling an equipment, hazardous material or tool		2	1	1
Workplace	PC3. Remove finger rings or any other metal objects likely to interfere with the work before working on the unit		4	2	2
	PC4. Use of safety materials such as goggles, gloves, ear plugs, caps, ESD pins, covers, shoes, etc.		4	1	3
	PC5. Escalate about any hazardous materials or things found in the premises		4	1	3
	PC6. Report about any breach of safety procedure in the company	1	3	1	2
	PC7. Ensure zero accidents at work		5	2	3
	PC8. Avoid damage of components due to negligence in ESD procedures	50	4	1	3
	PC9. Participate regularly in fire drills or other safety related workshops organized by the company		5	2	3
	PC10. Ensure no loss for company due to safety negligence		4	1	3
	PC11. Maintain appropriate posture, especially in long hours of sitting or standing position and in handling heavy materials		4	2	2
	PC12. Participate in company organized health sessions such as yoga, physiotherapy or games		4	2	2
	PC13. Handle heavy and hazardous materials with care and using appropriate tools and handling equipment such as trolleys, jacks and ladders		4	2	2
		Total	50	20	30

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